

# **Chapter 01**

## **Institutional Profile/Executive Summary**

### **1.1. Introduction**

The Police Department was established on 03 September 1866 with the intention of providing an organized service to the public during the British administration according to the Police Ordinance No. 16 of 1865. Since then, for more than 154 years, the Sri Lanka Police has been discharging the significant responsibility of establishing and maintaining the “law and order of the country”.

Sri Lanka Police is vested with the responsibility of establishing social security by affirming the security of every aspect of public life. Control and prevention of crimes, prevention of drug menace, controlling corruption, traffic control, protection of the environment, offering relief to people in disaster situations, and providing VIP security are the main tasks included in the scope of the police.

More than 88000 police officers comprised of superintendent grade, inspector grade, and junior grade are deployed 24 hours a day for implementation of the above tasks throughout the island. These officers discharge a significant service as the regular service and support service and Special Tasks Force. In addition, more than 4000 civil officers are discharging duties assisting the tasks of Sri Lanka Police.

Sri Lanka Police, which has been rendering a long-standing service of 154 years, has developed a closer relationship with the public and established 494 police stations at the moment for performing an extended duty. In addition, the services of the Sri Lanka Police are implemented through an organizational structure that includes 44 territorial divisions and 64 functional divisions.

## 1.2 Vision, Mission of the Institution



### **Vision**

Creating  
a peaceful environment  
in which  
people can live  
confidently  
without any fear of  
crime and violence.

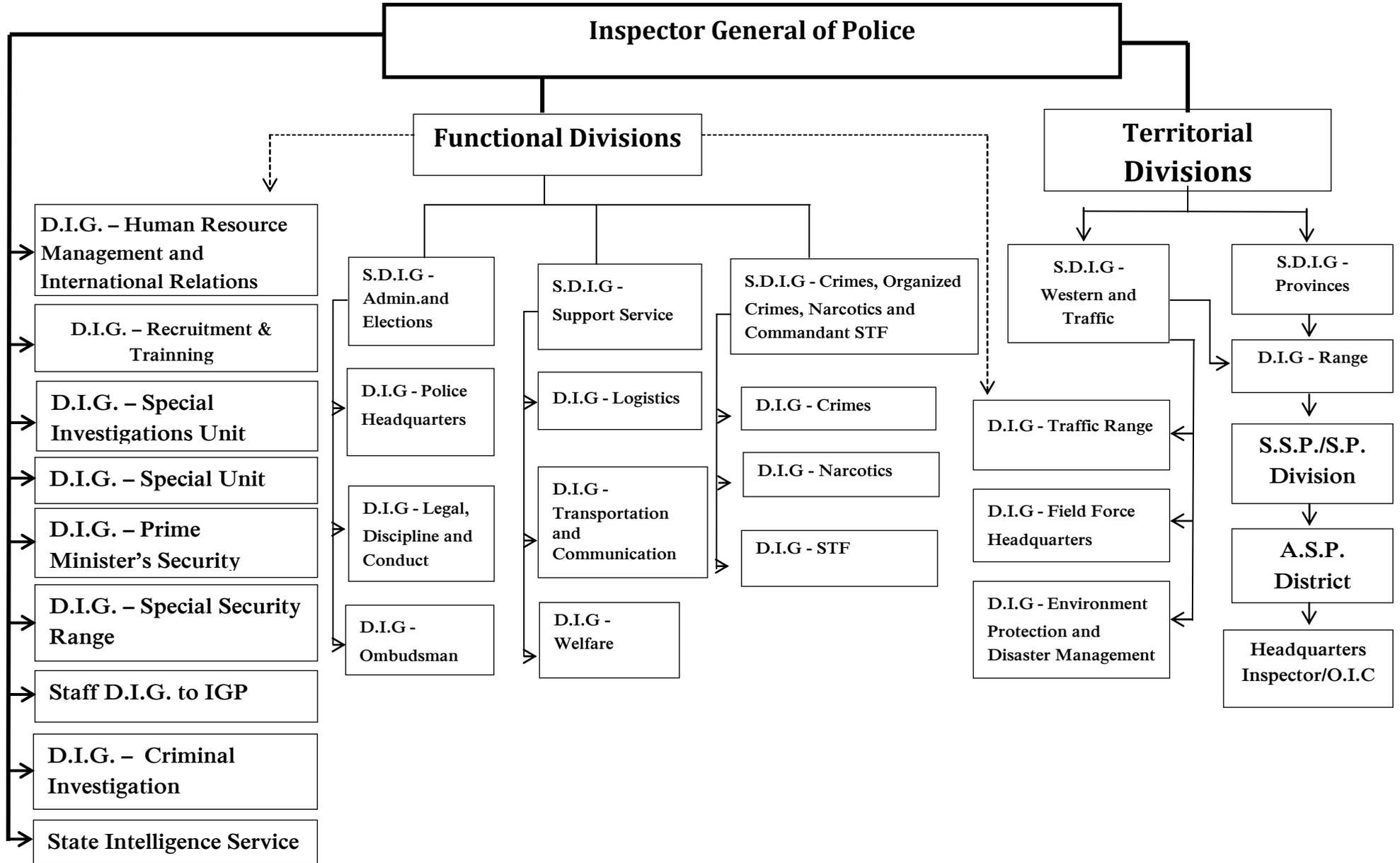
### **Mission**

Sri Lanka Police  
is dedicated  
to performing duties reliably  
while implementing  
and maintaining law  
within the country,  
preserving peace  
and preventing  
crimes and terrorism  
ensuring equality to all  
and prejudice against none.

### **1.3 Key Functions**

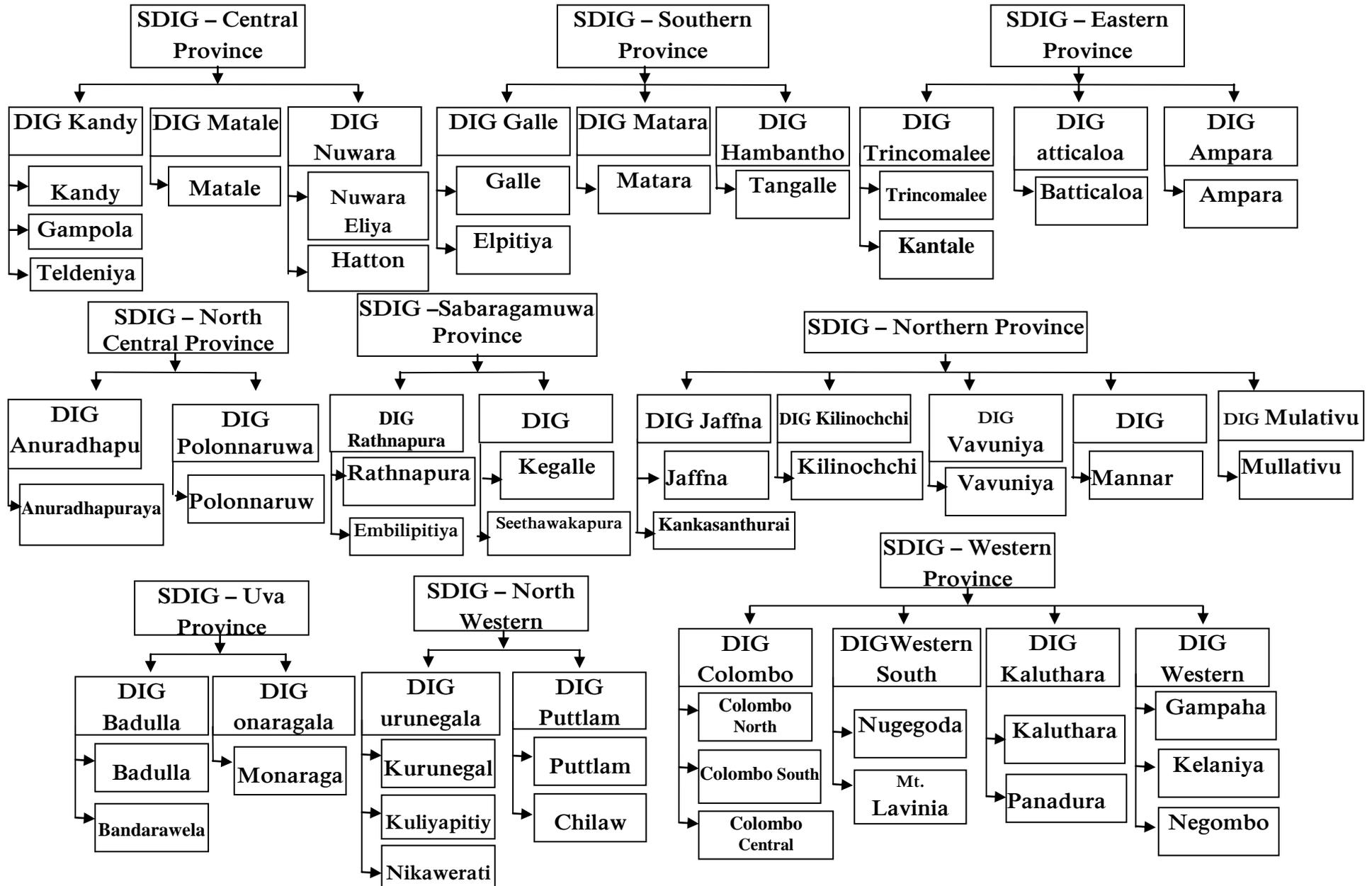
- ❖ Maintaining public safety and order
- ❖ Controlling and prevention of crimes
- ❖ Crime investigation and handling cases
- ❖ Ensuring road safety and traffic management
- ❖ VIP Security
- ❖ Providing assistance to relevant sections during disasters and tasks involving environment protection
- ❖ Prevention of corruption and riots and solving miscellaneous complaints
- ❖ Issuing police clearance and background reports to relevant sections and people

### 1.4 Organizational Chart.



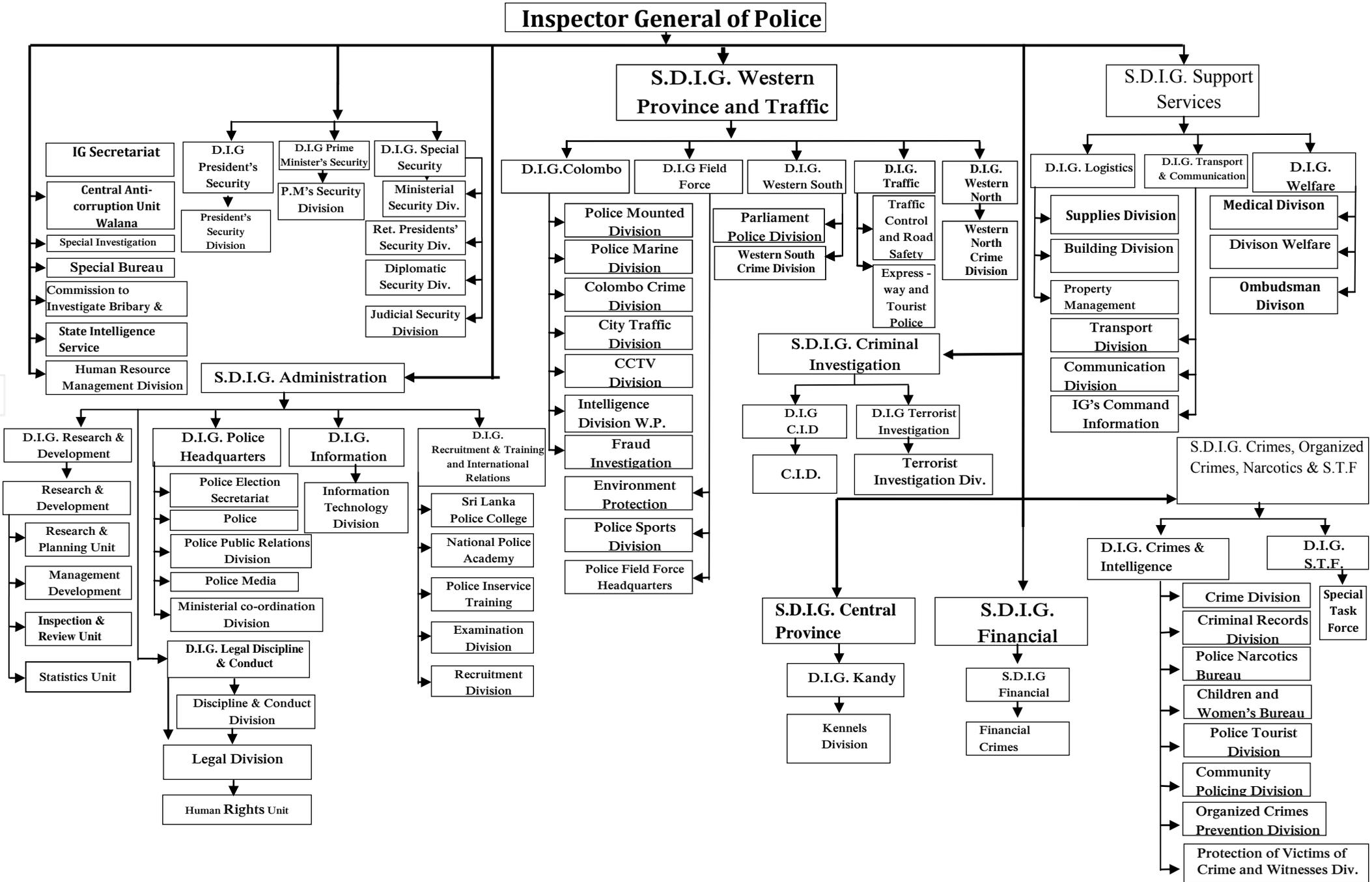
## 1.5 Main Divisions of Sri Lanka Police

❖ Structure of Territorial Police Divisions (Number of territorial police divisions is 44)

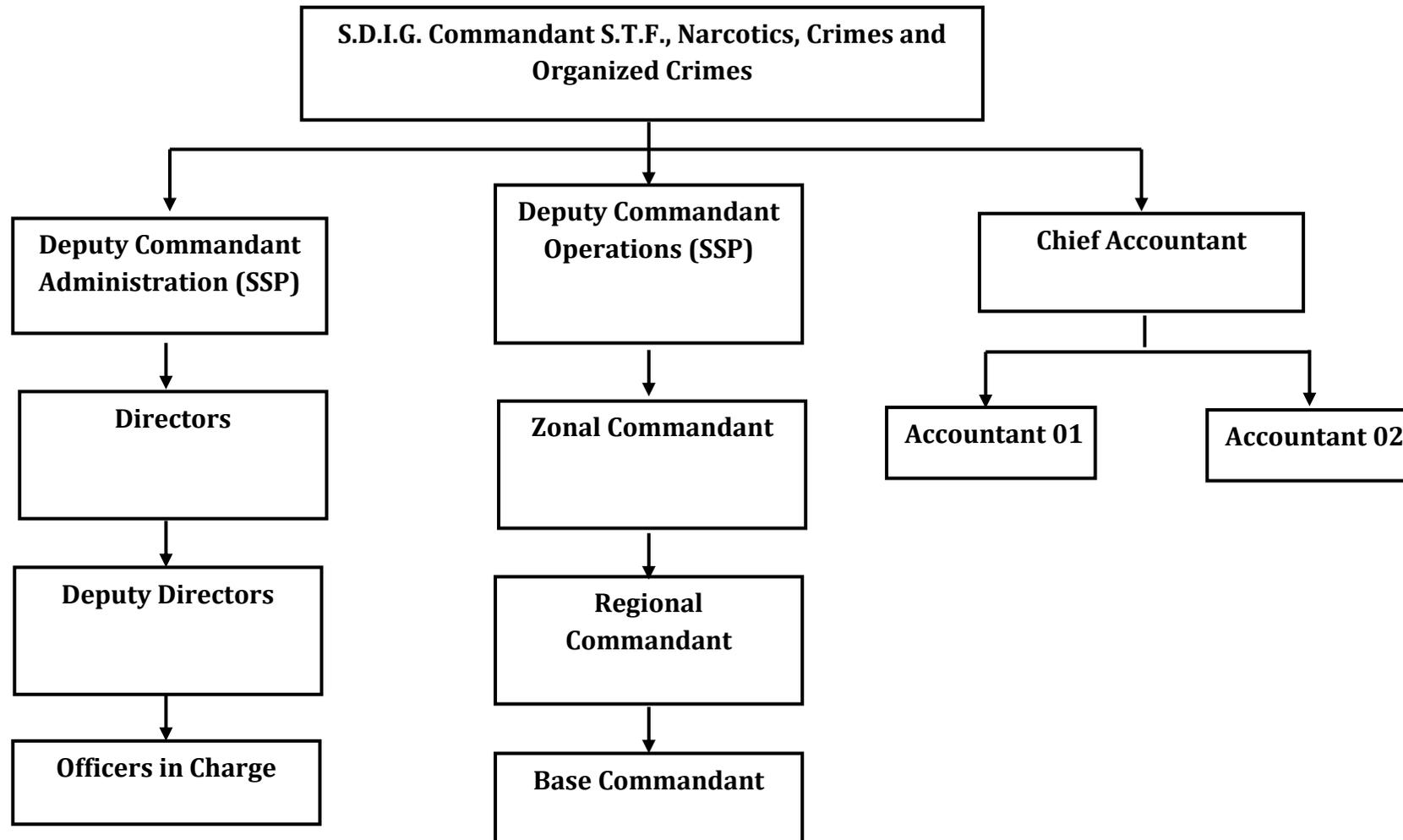




## Structure of Functional Police Divisions (The number of Functional Police Divisions is 64)



❖ **Structure of the Special Task Force**



**1.6 Institutions / Funds coming under the ministry/ Department / Provincial Council**

Serial No.	Name of the Fund	2020.12.31
01	Rewards Fund	447,510,873.37
02	Compassionate Fund	123,005.42
03	Amenities Fund	42,151,780.03

Source:- Accountant - Finance

**1.7 Details of the Foreign Funded Projects :-**

1.1	<b><u>1<sup>ST</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
	a) Name of the Project	05 Nos Samsung Galaxy Tab S39 - Black
	b) Donor Agency	Republic of China
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Rs. 699,494.00
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
1.2	a) Name of the Project	03 Nos Vostro 3580 C i7 Laptop
	b) Donor Agency	Republic of China
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Rs. 499,999.00
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
2.1	<b><u>2<sup>nd</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
	a) Name of the Project	35 Nos Huawei Y6S Smart Phone - Full Set with Box
	b) Donor Agency	Republic of China
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
2.2	a) Name of the Project	30 Nos Huawei Nova 5T S Smart Phone - Full Set with Box
	b) Donor Agency	Republic of China
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020

	<b><u>3<sup>rd</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
<b>3.1</b>	a) Name of the Project	30 Nos Desktop Computer HP Pro Desk
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
<b>3.2</b>	a) Name of the Project	30 Nos Computer Monitor Dell 24 Inch
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
	<b><u>4<sup>th</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
<b>4.1</b>	a) Name of the Project	02 Nos Printer Black & White HP M 100
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
<b>4.2</b>	a) Name of the Project	03 Nos Printer Black & White HP MFPM 183fw
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
<b>4.3</b>	a) Name of the Project	30 Nos Printer Black & White Microsoft Home Office
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020

	<b><u>5<sup>th</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
<b>5.1</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>06 Nos Desktop PC Dell 7060</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
<b>5.2</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>30 Nos Computer Monitor Dell 24 Inch</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
<b>5.3</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>03 Nos Laptop Computer HP15</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
<b>5.4</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>01 Nos Computer Switch TP Link</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
<b>5.5</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>01 Nos Q Nap Storage 16 TB 4x4 TB</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
<b>5.6</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>10 Nos Caballing Network</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>Year 2020</b>
	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>06 Nos Digital Cameras Nikon Coolpix</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>Australia</b>

5.7	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
5.8	a) Name of the Project	06 Nos Mobile Telephone Samsung A30
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
5.9	a) Name of the Project	06 Nos Hard Drive 1TB - External
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
5.10	a) Name of the Project	12 Nos HDMI Cables
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
5.11	a) Name of the Project	09 Nos Microsoft Home Office
	b) Donor Agency	Australia
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Only items have been donated and the value was not mentioned.
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020

8.1	<b><u>6<sup>th</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
	a) Name of the Project	SAARC Terrorist Offences Monitoring Desk – (STOMD)
	b) Donor Agency	Government of India
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	—
	d) Project Duration	Year 2020
	<b><u>7<sup>th</sup> PROJECT</u></b>	
	a) Name of the Project	Sri Lanka Accident Data Management System – (SLADMS)
	b) Donor Agency	World Health Organization – Sri

<b>9.1</b>		<b>Lankan Agency</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Rs. 19.39 million for Western and Central Provinces (Payments have been made)</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>From year 2019 to 2021</b>
<b>9.2</b>	<b>a) Name of the Project</b>	<b>Sri Lanka Accident Data Management System - (SLADMS)</b>
	<b>b) Donor Agency</b>	<b>World Health Organization - Sri Lankan Agency</b>
	<b>c) Estimated cost of the Project</b>	<b>Rs. 48.78 million for other 07 Provinces except Western and Central Provinces</b>
	<b>d) Project Duration</b>	<b>From year 2019 to 2021</b>

**Source: Police Supplies Division and Traffic Management and Road Safety Division**

# Chapter 02

## Progress and the Future Outlook

### Progress - 2020

#### 2.1 Grave Crimes

Through the following table, the progress with regard to the grave crimes in 2020 has been analyzed in comparison with the grave crimes reported in years, 2018 and 2019.

Table on Grave Crimes

Grave Crimes	2018				2019				2020			
	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving
1 Abduction	753	81	672	89%	663	97	566	85%	633	70	563	88.94%
2 Kidnapping	260	26	234	90%	212	22	190	90%	166	17	149	89.76%
3 Arson or causing harm using explosives	460	114	346	75%	510	33	477	94%	338	83	255	75.44%
4 Harmful acts causing damage more than Rs. 25,000	476	53	423	89%	525	77	448	85%	323	31	292	90.40%
5 Burglary	8085	3217	4868	60%	8143	3671	4472	55%	6499	2708	3791	58.33%
6 Causing grievous injury	942	30	912	97%	894	41	853	95%	892	20	872	97.76%
7 Causing injury using dangerous weapons (such as knives)	1947	92	1855	95%	1857	108	1749	94%	1962	71	1891	96.38%
8 Homicide	489	47	442	90%	479	31	448	94%	464	26	438	94.40%
9 Attempted homicide/abetting suicide	144	12	132	92%	114	5	109	96%	103	1	102	99.03%
10 Rape of women (older than 16 years)	346	23	323	93%	289	25	264	91%	300	18	282	94.00%
11 Statutory rape of women (less than 16 years) with the consent of the victim	1196	34	1162	97%	1185	28	1157	98%	1292	30	1262	97.68%
Statutory rape of women (less than 16 years) without the consent of the victim	248	17	231	93%	305	21	284	93%	361	28	333	92.24%
12 Unlawful assembly/ riots and unrest	39	4	35	90%	84	0	84	100%	30	1	29	96.67%
13 Robbery	3146	798	2348	75%	2944	925	2019	69%	2148	706	1442	67.13%
14 Unnatural offences and grave sexual abuse	750	39	711	95%	710	31	679	96%	677	16	661	97.64%
15 Extortion (any property or valuable security, or anything signed or sealed which may be converted into a valuable security )	149	16	133	89%	106	10	96	91%	120	12	108	90.00%
16 Fraud, criminal breach of trust and criminal misuse worth more than Rs. 300,000/=	6090	1967	4123	68%	5251	2148	3103	59%	2891	1385	1506	52.09%
17 Theft of plantation material worth more than Rs. 25,000	48	7	41	85%	46	3	43	93%	59	8	51	86.44%
Theft of cattle worth more than Rs. 25,000	777	166	611	79%	585	140	445	76%	524	109	415	79.20%
Theft of property worth more than Rs. 25,000	5171	1337	3834	74%	4905	1526	3379	69%	4073	1303	2770	68.01%

Grave Crimes	2018				2019				2020				
	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Reported	Being Investigated	Solved	Percentage of Solving	
18	Printing and possession of counterfeit notes	74	2	72	97%	89	2	87	98%	68	4	64	94.12%
19	Offences committed against the State	0	0	0	0%	12	0	12	100%	1	0	1	100.00%
20	Cruel treatment against children	104	5	99	95%	80	4	76	95%	76	2	74	97.37%
21	Child abuse	50	2	48	96%	34	2	32	94%	26	1	25	96.15%
22	Human trafficking and slave trade	23	8	15	65%	9	3	6	67%	28	12	16	57.14%
23	Offences under Offensive Weapons Act	74	4	70	95%	86	3	83	97%	110	1	109	99.09%
24	Possession of automatic firearms or repeaters	24	0	24	100%	27	0	27	100%	34	0	34	100.00%
25	Importing, exporting, selling or production of any amount of morphine, cocaine or heroin or possession of 1 kilo of hashish, 5 kilos or more of cannabis, 500 grams or more of opium, 03 grams or more of morphine, 02 grams or more of cocaine and 02 grams or more of heroin	4387	5	4382	100%	4340	9	4331	100%	6811	21	6789	99.68%
26	Obstructing police officer in execution of duties	102	2	100	98%	94	2	92	98%	89	1	88	98.88%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>36354</b>	<b>8108</b>	<b>28246</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>34578</b>	<b>8967</b>	<b>25611</b>	<b>74%</b>	<b>31098</b>	<b>6685</b>	<b>24412</b>	<b>78.50%</b>

Source: Police Statistics

According to the table, a decline in offences related to 'abduction' in 2020 can be observed compared to those in 2018 and 2019. Compared to 2019, offences on abduction have dropped from 663 to 633 by 4% in 2020. The percentage of solving in 2019 has gone up from 85% in 2019 to 89% in 2020.

In 2020, 166 crimes related to kidnapping have been reported and the said number is relatively a 21% decline compared with the 212 kidnappings reported in 2019. The percentage of solving kidnapping crimes in 2020 has shown a progress of 90%.

When considering the burglaries in 2020, the number burglaries in 2020 has gone down by 20% up to 6499 compared to the 8143 incidents reported in 2019. When looking at the percentage of solving, the progress in solving which was 55% in 2019 has gone up to 58% in 2020.

When studying homicide cases in 2020 as per the table, a 3% decline compared to 2019 can be identified. Accordingly, 479 homicide cases were reported in 2019 and in 2020, the said number has dropped by 3% to 464.

The percentage of solving homicide cases in 2019 was 93% and in 2020, it has increased up to 94%.

According to the table, when taking rape of women into account, data are presented after dividing it into three categories. Accordingly, when considering rape of women older than 16 years, a 4% growth can be identified in 2020 compared to 2019. In 2019, 289 crimes of this nature were reported and in 2020 the number of incidents reported is indicated as 300. Considering the percentage of solving rape crimes of women older than 16, in 2019, it was 91% and in 2020, the percentage has gone up to 94%.

When discussing rape of women who are less than 16 years, committed with the consent of the victim, which is the mostly reported type of crime regarding rape of women, 1185 such crimes were reported in 2019 and relatively the said number has gone up in 2020 upto 1292 by 9%. The percentage of solving these crimes is 97% in 2020.

305 incidents of rape of women less than 16 years, committed without the consent of the victim, have been reported in 2019 and in 2020, the said number has increased upto 361 by 18%. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2020 is 92%. When analyzing data, it becomes evident that the total crimes that comes under the above three categories in 2020 have increased compared to those in 2017.

According to the table, robberies can be identified as one of the highly reported grave crimes. However, relative to 2019 a decline in these crimes could be observed in 2020. Accordingly, 2944 robberies were reported in 2019 and in 2020, it has dropped by 27% to 2148. The percentage of solving robberies in 2020 is indicated as 67%.

710 crimes that are considered grave sexual abuse have been reported in 2019 and relatively in 2020, those crimes have dwindled to 677 by 5%. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2020 is 98%.

As per the table, a considerable number of crimes which are categorized under criminal breach of trust and criminal misuse of amounts exceeding Rs. 300,000, have been reported to police. In 2020, 2891 crimes of such nature were reported but compared to the 5251 incidents reported in 2019, this can be identified as a substantial decline of 45%. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2019 was 59% and in 2020, the solving percentage is 52%.

As per the data depicted in the table, 4905 crimes which come under theft of property worth more than Rs. 25000 have been committed in 2019 and it has dropped by 17% to 4073 in 2020. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2020 has been indicated as 68%.

When considering facts based on the table, a considerable growth in crimes related to narcotics can be identified in 2020 in comparison with 2019. Accordingly, 4340 crimes related to narcotics were reported in 2019 and it can be observed that the said number has increased up to 6811 by 57% in 2020. However, the percentage of solving crimes linked with narcotics has exceeded 99% in both years.

### 2.1.1 Grave crimes against women

Grave crimes reported against women in connection with the past three years have been comparatively depicted through the following table. Through that reporting and progress of solving crimes committed against women in 2020 can be identified relative to those of 2018 and 2019.

**Table on Grave Crimes Committed against Women**

Crime	2018				2019				2020			
	Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated	Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated	Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated
1 Homicide	111	53	52%	58	95	43	55%	52	82	25	70%	57
2 Abetting suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	3	2	33%	1
3 Attempted murder	11	2	82%	9	6	2	67%	4	10	2	80%	8
4 Female Rape	274	135	51%	139	199	62	69%	137	237	98	59%	139
5 Incest	4	2	50%	2	4	1	75%	3	7	0	100%	7
6 Greivous hurt	241	97	60%	144	208	77	63%	131	174	64	63%	110
7 Causing injuries by knives, etc.	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0
8 Unnatural offences	5	0	100%	5	1	0	100%	1	4	2	50%	2
9 Grave sexual abuse	28	12	57%	16	35	19	46%	16	15	5	67%	10
10 Abduction	7	1	86%	6	1	1	0%	0	1	0	100%	1
11 Kidnapping	68	30	56%	38	44	27	39%	17	38	13	66%	25
12 Supplying women for carnal intercourse	2	0	100%	2	7	0	100%	7	6	3	50%	3
13 Trading women for carnal intercourse	0	0	0%	0	2	1	50%	1	0	0	0%	0
14 Highly uncivilized acts among people	0	0	0%	0	1	0	100%	1	1	0	100%	1
15 Other	24	11	54%	13	35	15	57%	20	17	5	71%	12
<b>Total</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>376</b>

Source: Police Statistics Unit

When considering the crimes which attract social attention according to the table, a gradual decline in homicide cases against women can be identified. Specially compared to 2019, such homicide cases in 2020 have dropped from 95 to 82 by 14%. However, compared to 2019, it can be observed that the percentage of solving has reduced from 45% to 30%.

An increase in female rape, which comes under one of the appalling crimes committed against women, can be identified in 2020. This is due to the 19% increase observed in 2020 which was 237 compared to the 199 crimes of this nature reported in 2019. As per

the table, the percentage of solving crimes related to female rape in 2019 was 31% and in 2020 the percentage of solving has increased up to 41%.

According to the table, a gradual decline in the crimes committed causing grievous hurt can also be identified during the previous year. Accordingly, grievous hurt against women which was 208 in 2019 has dropped to 174 by 16% in 2020. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2019 and 2020 is 37%.

When taking grave sexual abuse into account, 35 crimes of this nature were committed against women in 2019 and in 2020 it has declined to 15 by 57%. However, the 54% percentage of solving in 2019 can be seen declined to 33% in 2020.

As per the table, a downward trend could be seen in crimes committed against women in connection with kidnapping during the three years from 2018 – 2020. The number of crimes reported in 2020 is 38 and it is a relative decline of 14% when compared with the 44 crimes reported in 2019. The percentage of solving in 2019 was 61% and in 2020 it has dropped down to 34%.

### 2.1.2 Grave crimes against children

Grave crimes have been presented through the following table under 15 categories. Reporting and the percentage of solving of those crimes in relation to the three years from 2018-2020 can be comparatively studied through this table.

**Table on Grave Crimes Committed against Children**

	Crime	2018				2019				2020				
		Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated	Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated	Reported	Solved	Percentage of Solving	Being Investigated	
1	Homicide	19	12	37%	7	26	7	73%	19	22	6	73%	16	
2	Abetting suicide	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	
3	Attempted murder	4	0	100%	4	5	2	60%	3	9	0	100%	9	
4	Female Rape	less than 16 years with the consent of the victim	1199	644	46%	555	1185	488	59%	697	1292	493	62%	799
		less than 16 years without the consent of the victim	248	114	54%	134	285	129	55%	156	315	74	77%	241
		Age 16 - 18	71	37	48%	34	72	26	64%	46	51	13	75%	38
		Incest	24	11	54%	13	34	12	65%	22	50	22	56%	28
5	Grievous hurt	54	21	61%	33	36	17	53%	19	32	5	84%	27	
6	Causing injuries by knives, etc.	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	
6	Unnatural offences	35	3	91%	32	42	11	74%	31	7	5	29%	2	
7	Grave sexual abuse	688	408	41%	280	623	306	51%	317	615	267	57%	348	
8	Abduction	782	436	44%	346	606	263	57%	343	632	233	63%	399	
9	Kidnapping	67	20	70%	47	25	12	52%	13	17	1	94%	16	
10	Supplying women for carnal	8	5	38%	3	2	1	50%	1	2	0	100%	2	
11	Human Trafficking	2	0	100%	2	0	0	0%	0	8	1	88%	7	
12	Cruel treatment against children	104	46	56%	58	80	38	53%	42	76	33	57%	43	
13	Sexual exploitation	49	30	39%	19	34	10	71%	24	27	4	85%	23	
14	Highly uncivilized acts among	2	0	100%	2	5	0	100%	5	3	0	100%	3	
15	other	6	2	67%	4	5	1	80%	4	4	2	50%	2	
	Total	3362	1789	47%	1573	3065	1323	57%	1742	3162	1159	63%	2003	

Source: Police Statistics Unit

When analytically looking at the data presented in the table, it becomes evident that the homicide cases committed against children has dropped in 2020 compared to that of 2019. Thus compared to the 26 crimes of similar nature reported in 2019, in 2020 those crimes have declined to 22 by 15%. The percentage of solving these crimes in both years is 27%

Based on the gravity of the crime, female rape against children has been subdivided into three categories and depicted through the table. They are female rape with the consent of the victim who is below 16 years, without the consent of the victim who is below 16 years and female rape between 16 – 18 years.

As per the table, a large number of female rape incidents committed with the consent of the victims who are children below 16 years have been reported. In 2019, 1185 crimes of this nature were reported and showing a 09% growth, 1292 crimes of female rape against women have been reported in 2020.

A considerable number of female rape incidents committed against children below 16 years without the consent of the victims have been reported and as per the table a gradual increase can be seen in those crimes. Accordingly, 285 crimes of this nature were reported in 2019 and in 2020 the said number has increased to 315 by 10%.

When considering female rape committed against children between 16 -18 years, it becomes clear that the number of these cases reported is less than the two types of crimes previously mentioned. Furthermore, a slight decline can also be seen in these crimes and compared to the 72 crimes reported in 2019, the crimes in 2020 have dropped to 51 by 29%.

When considering the percentage of solving crimes of female rape committed against children, a considerable decline in 2020 can be identified through the table compared to that of 2019. When taking crimes causing grievous hurt to children into account, a decline can be seen in relation to the three years mentioned in the table. In 2019, 36 crimes were reported and in 2020, the said number has come down to 32 by 11%. The percentage of solving these crimes in 2020 shows a low value to the extent of 16%.

When taking grave sexual abuse of children, a slight decline can be identified during the previous three years. In 2019, the number of such crimes reported was 623 and it has dropped to 615 by 01% in 2020.

632 crimes of abduction, which comes under the category of grave crimes against children, were reported in 2020 and it marks a 04% growth compared to the 606 crimes reported in 2019. Furthermore according to the table, 17 kidnappings were reported in 2020 and it shows a 32% decline compared to the 25 crimes reported in 2019.

The percentage of solving the crime of abduction in 2020 was 37% and the percentage of solving kidnapping cases in 2020 remains at a low level of 06%.

Although the reporting about incidents involving cruel treatment against children could be seen recently to a considerable extent, as per the table, a downward trend can be traced during the past three years. A significant drop in these offences can be identified in 2019 compared to 2018 and a 05% decline can be seen in 2020 compared to 2019. The percentage of solving crimes in connection with cruel treatment against children in 2020 is 43%.

## 2.2 Drug Related Crimes

Data on drug related crimes that come under grave crimes are also differently categorized. Accordingly, data are presented through the following table under 7 types and it can be identified through the table that these crimes reported during a period of one year is very high.

### Narcotics

Type	2018							2019							2020						
	Reported	Filed cases	Number of offenders	Percentage of prosecutions	Arrested quantity			Reported	Filed cases	Number of offenders	Percentage of prosecutions	Arrested quantity			Reported	Filed cases	Number of offenders	Percentage of prosecutions	Arrested quantity		
					kg	g	mg					kg	g	mg					kg	g	mg
1 Cannabis	71505	69886	63603	98%	8884	457	162	63585	62024	56231	98%	15389	235	934	56486	54484	48847	96%	6791	694	308
2 Opium	3	1	1	33%	0	8	380	169	141	147	83%	9	589	198	138	133	134	96%	0	975	245
3 Hashish	199	189	161	95%	82	291	597	603	597	536	99%	10	164	637	55	51	42	93%	0	193	149
4 Heroin	47355	44346	36356	94%	721	363	175	56482	52553	44983	93%	2101	691	246	66331	61473	43124	93%	574	445	15
5 Morphine	254	187	165	74%	0	194	784	18	18	18	100%	0	1	950	5	5	5	100%	0	1	95
6 Cocaine	74	62	45	84%	9	859	780	133	122	119	92%	24	725	653	49	46	31	94%	1	250	691
7 Other	5550	5381	4770	97%	556	389	26	8775	8711	7907	99%	480	845	576	11118	6475	9430	58%	1046	419	774
Total	124940	120052	105101	96%	10254	563	904	129765	124166	109941	96%	18016	254	194	134182	122667	101613	91%	8414	2979	277

Source: Police Statistics Unit

As per the table, a considerable decline can be seen in 2020 compared to 2019 regarding all the offences except those considered under categories for heroin and other drugs.

63585 cannabis related offences, which is the mostly reported type of offence among drug related offences, were reported in 2019 and in 2020, the said figure has declined to 56486 by 11%. 96% i.e. 54484 out of the number of offences reported were prosecuted and the number of people who were found guilty was 48847.

When considering the reporting of offences related to opium, an exponential growth in those offences can be seen in 2019 compared to 2018, out of the three years depicted through the table. However, in 2020, offences related to opium have dropped from 169 to 138 by 18%. The percentage of prosecuting in 2020 was 96% and 134 people have been found guilty.

When taking hashish related offences into account, compared to the 603 offences reported in 2019, a huge decline of 91% up to 55 can be observed. The percentage of prosecuting was 93% and 42 persons have been convicted.

When discussing offences regarding heroin, a narcotic that shows a gradual development in connection with drug related offences, there were 56482 reported offences in 2019 and in 2020 the said number has increased by 17% up to 66331. The percentage of prosecution against offences related to heroin in 2020 is 92%. Number of people who were found guilty was 43124.

The amount of heroin taken into custody in 2019 has relatively gone down towards 2020. Thus in 2019, 2101 kg 691 g and 246 mgs of heroin were apprehended and in 2020 the said amount is 574 kg, 445 g and 15 mgs.

Offences related to morphine display a gradual decline during the period of past three years. Accordingly, 254 offences were reported in 2018 and in 2019 it has drastically dropped to 18. Furthermore, morphine related offences have dwindled upto 5 offences in 2020 marking a 72% drop compared to 2019. Prosecution was initiated against all the morphine related offences reported and the number people convicted were 5.

There were 49 offences related to cocaine that were reported in 2020 and it is a 63% decline in comparison with the 133 offences reported in 2019. The percentage of prosecution is 94%.

When considering the total number of crimes related to drugs, a 3% increase can be noticed in 2020 compared to 2019. The total percentage of solving crimes related to drugs is 91%. The amount of drugs apprehended in 2020 exceeds 8416 kg and the total number of people who were convicted was 101613.

❖ Photos of raids carried out by the Police Narcotics Bureau



Seizure of 170 kilos 424 grams of Kerala cannabis



Seizure of 99 kilograms 478 grams of heroin in artificial potatoes



Seizure of 3150 LSD stamps.



Seizure of 437 kg 38 g of heroin and 130 kg 474 g of methamphetamine



Seizure of 74 kg 666 g of heroin and 65 kg 714 g of methamphetamine



Seizure of 225 kg 969 g of heroin

## 2.3 Offences under Exercise Ordinance

When offences relevant to excisable goods are taken for a comparative study, it can be identified that these offences mark an alarming increase in 2020 compared to those in 2019.

### Offences related to liquor

Serial Number	Offense	2018				2019				2020			
		Number Reported	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of Persons Became Offenders	Percentage of prosecution	Number Reported	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of Persons Became Offenders	Percentage of prosecution	Number Reported	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of Persons Became Offenders	Percentage of prosecution
1	Distillation and Production of Illicit liquor	11316	10242	8259	91%	9920	9351	7076	94%	18166	15650	11827	86%
2	Production of fermented toddy without having license	57	52	47	91%	154	113	94	73%	214	187	156	87%
3	Production of Government approved liquor without having license	133	106	87	80%	29	29	21	100%	118	113	97	96%
4	Illegal Production and distillation of Spirits	2346	1745	1473	74%	730	696	533	95%	714	657	494	92%
5	Selling / possession of Illicit liquor	100373	93526	82364	93%	88395	80829	68880	91%	102965	89887	88040	87%
6	Selling / possession of fermented toddy	3801	3410	2991	90%	3797	3737	3000	98%	12742	11851	10036	93%
7	Selling and keep more than 7.5 litres of Government approved arrack in possession without having license	4050	3759	3337	93%	4267	4064	3690	95%	3953	3709	3243	94%
8	Selling Beer and other liquor or keep in possession for selling purposes without having a license	614	544	473	89%	801	772	700	96%	804	720	601	90%
9	Selling or keep in possession liquor that had produced illegally	682	642	524	94%	939	887	709	94%	1337	1206	938	90%
10	Transportation of illicit liquor or fermented toddy or other spirits without having a license	378	349	247	92%	246	241	176	98%	701	663	548	95%
11	Keep in possession the apparatus used to produce illicit liquor, fermented toddy or spirits	659	630	472	96%	499	456	347	91%	837	779	632	93%
12	Other offenses under the Excise Ordinance	5404	4509	3774	83%	2697	2506	2067	93%	5010	4117	3258	82%
	Total	129813	119514	104048	92%	112474	103681	87293	92%	147561	129539	119870	88%

Source: Police Statistics Unit

In 2019, the number of offences reported on illicit distillation or production of liquor was 9920. In 2020 the number of those offences has gone up by 80% upto 18166. Prosecution was initiated against 15650 offences i.e. 86% out of the total number of offences reported and there were 10935 cases which were closed having found guilty.

154 offences related to production of fermented toddy without license were reported in 2019 and compared to that the offences in 2020 have gone up to 214 by 39%. Cases were filed against 187 out of 214 i.e. 87% of those offences. The number of cases closed upon conviction was 156.

As per the table, a higher percentage of offences on production of government approved liquor without having license has been reported in 2020 compared to the said percentage in 2019 and in comparison with the 29 offences reported in 2019, the number of offences in 2020 have soared up to 118 by 307%. The number of cases filed was 113 and as a percentage is 96%. The number of cases closed by getting the suspects convicted was 97.

88395 offences on selling and possession of illicit liquor, which is one of the highly reported offences on excisable goods, were reported in 2019 and in 2020 those offences have gone up to 102965 by 16%.

The percentage of filing cases against offences on selling and possession of illicit liquor can be given as 87%. Cases have been filed against 89887 incidents and out of those 69944 cases have been finalized after finding those involved guilty.

As per the table, the offence of selling and possession of artificial/synthetic toddy has drastically increased in 2020 compared to 2019. Offences on selling and possession of more than 7.5 liters of government arrack without a valid license have increased in 2020 by 7% compared to those in 2019. Furthermore, selling and possession of illegally produced spirits have increased by 42% and other offences that come under Exercise Ordinance have also increased by 86% in 2020.

As a whole, in comparison with the total number of 112414 offences under Exercise Ordinance reported in 2019, those in 2020 have increased up to 147561 by 31% and the total number of cases filed was 129539. Out of those 77% cases, i.e. 100303 have been finalized having found the persons involved guilty of those offences.

In 2019, the number of those who were guilty of offences under Exercise Ordinance was 91184 and 86606 out of those were men and 4537 were women. In 2020, the total number of those who were convicted was 119870 and out of those 115520 were men and 4218 were women. Accordingly, not only those who were found guilty but also the number of offences under Exercise Ordinance have gone up by 31% in 2020 compared to those in 2019.

## 2.4 Total Number of Raids conducted by Special Task Force

The Special Task Force also contributes towards the raids conducted by Sri Lanka Police on narcotics, excise offences, weapons, environmental destruction and other raids. The following table presents the total number of raids carried out by the Special Task Force in 2020 relevant to the respective fields.

### Raids conducted by Special Task Force

Nature of the raid	Number of Incident	Number of Suspects
Weapons and explosives	475	304
Narcotic Raids	235	2170
Excise offences	1155	1155
Raids on Environmental Destruction	2479	2983
Other raids	622	987
Total	7087	7,599

Source: Police Statistics Unit

❖ **Photographs Of raids carried out by the Police Special Task Force**



**Seizure of ice drugs and cash**



**Seizure of illegal liquor**



**Seizure of heroin**



**Seizure of Kerala cannabis**



**Arrested Elephant pearls**



**Arrested drugs (Tablets)**

## 2.5 Road Accidents

Road accidents reported to Sri Lanka Police are presented after identifying under 04 categories and they have been concisely presented through the following table in relation to the previous 03 years (2018, 2019 & 2020).

**Road Accidents**

Year	Fatal Accidents	Major Accidents	Minor Injuries	Damage Accidents	Total Accidents	Number of Deaths	Number of Vehicles	Number of Accidents per 100 Vehicles
2018	2994	8795	12138	11918	35845	3151	7727921	5
2019	2645	7718	10679	9391	30433	2839	8095224	4
2020	2040	6619	8909	5847	23415	2144	8297852	3

Source: Police Statistics Unit

❖ The statistical data are subject to change.

When conducting a detailed study on the data given through the table, a considerable decline can be observed in all types of accidents in those 03 years. Compared to 2019, fatal accidents in 2020 have gone down from 2645 to 2040 by 23%.

When considering the drop in the accident causing major injuries in 2020, a decline of 14% can be identified from 7718 to 6619.

Minor accidents in 2021 have dropped from 10679 to 8909 by 16% compared to that of 2019. Furthermore, the drop in damage accidents from 9391 in 2019 to 5847 in 2020 marks a 38% decline.

When considering the nature of total road accidents, the total number of road accidents reported in 2019 was 30433 and in 2020 it has gone down by 23% to 23415.

As per the table, a considerable drop in both road accidents and deaths due to road accidents can be seen in the past three years.

Thus, the number of deaths due to road accidents which was 2839 in 2019 has gone down to 2144 by 24% in 2020.

The number of motor vehicles registered in this country as at 31.12.2020 is 8297852. Accordingly, the number of accidents per 1000 vehicles in 2020 is approximately 3. One of the main reasons for the significant decline which can be seen in the accidents of all types and deaths due to accidents when analyzing the road accident data in 2020, is the quarantine curfew imposed isolating many areas restricting transportation and mobility due to COVID -19 pandemic.

## 2.6 Community Policing Activities

### Conducting Community Policing Committees and Creating awareness

Public Safety Committees		Advisory Committees		Station Committees		Total number of creating awareness
Number of committees that should be conducted	Number of committees conducted	Number of committees that should be conducted	Number of committees conducted	Number of committees that should be conducted	Number of committees conducted	
170496	92548 (54%)	5868	2188 (37%)	1956	888(45%)	292405

Source – Community Policing Division

When considering the holding of Community Policing Committees in year 2020 according to the table, 03 types of Community Policing Committees have been mentioned and out of them, the number of Public Safety Committees to be held in year 2020 is 170496. However the number of Public Safety Committees held within the year 2020 was 92548, which is 54% as a percentage.

The number of Advisory Committees scheduled to be held in year 2020 was 5868 and the number of committees held was 2188. It is 37% as a percentage.

As per the table, the number of Station Committees to be held within the year 2020 is 1956 and out of which 888 were held. It is 45% as a percentage.

Accordingly, the total number of committees to be held in the year 2020 is 178320 and out of which the total number of committees held in the year was 95624. It is 54% as a percentage. The COVID- 19 pandemic situation of the country is the major reason for the decline of holding committees.

## 2.7 Clearance Reports

Issuing Clearance investigation Report for local and overseas applications is one of the most important tasks performed by Sri Lanka Police. The following table indicates the progress achieved in issuing Clearance Investigation Report.

## Table of Clearance Reports

Type Of Applications	Number of application received	Number of reports issued	Percentage	Reports to be issued	Income generated(Rs.)
Local Clearance Report (via application receiving centers at Olcut Road and online)	35763	31962	89.3	3801	49,178,500.00
Clearance Reports abroad (via Embassies)	434	342	78.8	92	651000
<b>Total</b>	<b>36197</b>	<b>32304</b>	<b>89.9</b>	<b>3893</b>	<b>49829500</b>

**Source – Police Headquarters**

As per the data in the table, the Sri Lanka police has received 35763 applications for local clearance reports in the year 2020 and out of which 31962 clearance reports were issued. As a percentage it is 89%.

434 of applications for foreign clearance reports have been received and clearance reports for 342 of them were issued. As a percentage it is 79%. Accordingly, a total of 36197 applications have been received and clearance reports have been issued for 32304, which is 89% as a percentage. The income earned by that is close to LKR 50 Million.

## 2.8 Progress in the Use of New Technological Strategies

### 2.8.1 Prevention of Crimes

- ❖ Identifying criminals by telephone analysis reports
- ❖ Widely using CCTV technology for the identification of suspects through criminals
- ❖ The AMIS and AFIS data systems operated through VPN technology have been successfully used for criminal investigations. All police stations island wide have been networked to this data base.
- ❖ All police stations island wide have been networked to the computer system for SAIS and operated accordingly.
- ❖ Information on Island Re-Convicted Criminals in the island can be obtained immediately for investigations through a special computer system

### 2.8.2 Prevention of Narcotics

- ❖ Using new technology to identify, arrest and investigate various toxic drugs and under that robotic technology has been used

### 2.8.3 Traffic Control

- ❖ Tru CAM High-Tec Speed Guns have been used for Expressway duties
- ❖ CCTV technology has been used to identify individuals who violate traffic rules

#### **2.8.4 Human Resource Development**

- ❖ The eligibility/ineligibility of applications received when recruiting individuals for the Sri Lanka Police has been determined through a computer program
- ❖ The reports called by police stations with regard to recruitments have been obtained through VPN technology
- ❖ Facilitating individuals through Information Technology to apply for clearance reports, to check whether clearance reports have been issued and to discuss issues related to clearance reports
- ❖ All institutions involved in issuing clearance reports have been networked through VPN technology

#### **2.8.5 Police Hospital**

- ❖ Issuing a Barcode card instead of old clinic files for the convenience of patients by using Health Information System which is being currently operated with new technology,

### **2.9 Future Goals of Sri Lanka Police**

Sri Lanka Police is expected to function as below, under the areas of targeted projects and programs, prevention of crimes, prevention of narcotics, use of new technological strategies, minimization of road accidents, Development of physical and human resources, medical service for carrying out its duties more efficiently and productively in future .

#### **2.9.1 Prevention of Crimes**

- ❖ Further extending the existing intelligence units for the prevention of any form of terrorism and extremist activities which disrupt the national and religious reconciliation and taking measures to bring the collection of intelligence to a higher level by providing more training for officers.
- ❖ Further strengthening the operations on arresting organized criminal networks for curbing grave crimes committed by various organized criminal gangs.
- ❖ Further strengthening the program of arresting criminals involved in large-scale theft, burglary and plundering and bringing such crimes to its minimum level
- ❖ Carrying out surveillance regarding the activities of Island Re-convicted Criminals and the suspects who have been released on bail, using modern technology to reduce the tendency of such criminals reoffending.

- ❖ Expediting the process of arresting and taking legal action against criminals through efficient functioning of criminal investigations including fingerprint detection and Scene of Crime investigation
- ❖ Establishing Computer Crimes Investigation Units at district level to curb cyber crimes
- ❖ Establishing an operation room which is being functioned 24 hr basis and affiliated investigation units to it, to investigate on cyber crimes and crimes committed using social media
- ❖ Further enhance the process of curbing crimes such as money laundering, counterfeit notes printing, human trafficking and smuggling by increasing social awareness

### **2.9.2 Prevention of Narcotics**

Prevention of narcotics, the root cause of many criminal acts in Sri Lanka is a major goal of the Sri Lanka Police. Since prevention of narcotics is a necessary fact for social peace and public safety, the future goals of the Sri Lanka Police towards it are as follows.

#### **a. The following actions have been taken to cut off the supply of drugs**

- ❖ Increasing the number of raiding parties
- ❖ Maximum functioning of existing divisional sub units by providing them of further physical and human resources
- ❖ Expansion of raids covering the entire island by extending the existing divisional sub unit network by 2023
- ❖ Establishing new Investigation Units at Airports in Mattala, Ratmalana and Palaly and Port of Hambantota
- ❖ Further expansion of functions of Investigation Units established in Bandaranayake International Airport, Katunayaka and Port of Colombo to cut off the supply of illicit drugs trafficking by air and sea
- ❖ Establishing an Internal Intelligence Unit to collect intelligence on drug trafficking and to deploy surveillance duties related to it
- ❖ Establishing a new Investigation Unit to look into the prevention of money laundering against the properties earned unlawfully by drug traffickers

#### **b. Drug Demand Reduction**

- ❖ Providing psychological counseling for identified social groups who are mildly addicted to drugs and are at a risk of drug addiction
- ❖ Special training in psychological counseling will be provided to police officers with the assistance of medical faculties in universities of Sri Lanka

- ❖ Taking necessary steps for the eradication of drug menace by further increasing the number of current awareness programmes on drug abuse covering every social strata
- C. **A separate legal division is expected to establish for the successful conduct of cases in relation to drug trafficking, thereby eliminating the possibility of the defendants being acquitted due to deficiencies in the evidence.**

### 2.9.3 Minimizing Road Accidents

- ❖ Conducting large number of awareness programmes representing every social stratum which is an important step in minimizing road accidents
- ❖ Achieving the goal of minimizing road accidents by 20% through carrying out various awareness programmes, exhibition stalls, shows at a high level
- ❖ Carrying out traffic operations broadly at the district level centering on the Western Province
- ❖ Further promoting the method of providing solutions by analytically identifying accident prone areas and reasons impacting such accidents through a scientific approach using data on road accidents
- ❖ Identifying road faults including technical faults which are a major cause of road accidents and carrying out a special program in collaboration with other relevant organizations to rectify such faults
- ❖ Increasing the number of operations to inspect and issue banning orders for vehicles which are unfit for road use
- ❖ Maximizing the technical assistance required to minimize road accidents by further updating the use of modern technical tools
- ❖ Taking action against nuisance parking, informal street vending etc. as a solution to alleviate traffic congestion, which is a major problem today. Providing short-term and long-term solutions for traffic congestion by experimenting various methods such as installing road signs to direct drivers to correct lanes, planning of one way traffic by studying further.

## 2.9.4 Human Resource Development

The following human resource development projects are to be implemented with the intension of increasing efficiency and productivity of all the duties of the Sri Lanka Police.

- I. It is expected to allocate the cadre for territorial and functional divisions as follows subject to the adequate supply of cadre required for the duties of the Sri Lanka Police

### Total cadre required for functional and territorial Police Divisions

	SDIG	DIG	WDIG	SSP	WSSP	SP	WSP	ASP	WASP	CI	WCI	IP	WIP	SI	WSI	TSI	SM	SMD	PS	WPS	PC
<b>Regional Police Divisions</b>																					
number of policemen required	9	26	0	54	0	70	3	155	6	904	61	2229	151	3357	469	47	3	0	28053	2231	36768
number of policemen attached	9	21	0	68	0	15	1	109	1	1417	83	1698	195	5325	295	31	10	1	20293	2288	18648
understaff	0	5	0	-14	0	55	2	46	5	-513	-22	531	-44	-1968	174	16	-7	-1	7760	-57	18120
<b>Functional Divisions</b>																					
number of policemen required	4	26	1	92	10	65	6	264	10	835	72	1281	191	2877	485	81	55	0	8543	909	12451
number of policemen attached	4	23	1	89	7	23	1	119	0	650	75	750	123	1845	369	48	9	0	5216	601	7089
understaff	0	3	0	3	3	42	5	145	10	185	-3	531	68	1032	116	33	46	0	3327	308	5362
<b>Total number of Policemen</b>																					
number of policemen required	13	52	1	146	10	135	9	419	16	1739	133	3510	342	6234	954	128	58	0	36596	3140	49219
number of policemen attached	13	44	1	157	7	38	2	228	1	2067	158	2448	318	7170	664	79	19	1	25509	2889	25737
understaff	0	8	0	-11	3	97	7	191	15	-328	-25	1062	24	-936	290	49	39	-1	11087	251	23482
approved cadre	12	46		169	1	162	4	314	16	780	66	2699	266	5312	642	125	100	50	15315	1800	45055

Source - Research & Development Division

- II. Officers will be recruited under general procedure as mentioned below

### Table of Recruitment

Serial No.	Rank	Divisions to be recruited	number of officers to be recruited	current progress
1	Police Constable	General Police	1500	Some of them have been called for training and background investigations are being conducting for the rest.
2	Women Police Constable	General Police	1000	background investigations are being conducting
3	Police Constable Driver	General Police	600	background investigations are being conducting
4	Sub Inspector	State Interligent Service	73	background investigations are being conducting

5	Sub Inspector	Special Units	96	background investigations are being conducting
6	Women Sub Inspector	State Interligent Service	5	background investigations are being conducting
7	Women Sub Inspector	Special Units	31	written test to be held
8	Police Constable	State Interligent Service	550	written test to be held
9	Women Police Constable	State Interligent Service	25	written test to be held
10	Sub Inspector	General Police	240	Interview to be held
11	Women Sub Inspector	General Police	49	Interview to be held
12	Police Constable	General Police	2526	Final Interview to be held
13	Women Police Constable	General Police	2217	Final Interview to be held
14	Women Police Constable Driver	General Police	462	Final Interview to be held
15	Police Constable	Special Tasks Force	600	first interview is conducting
16	Various Posts of the Medical Division (except doctors) -Male	Police Medical Services Division	63	Final Interview to be held
17	Various Posts of the Medical Division (except doctors) -Female	Police Medical Services Division	24	Final Interview to be held

Source - Recruitment Division

### III. Trainings

- ❖ Increasing the capacity of training centers of the Sri Lanka Police to train the human resource generated through future recruitments
- ❖ Further promoting online trainings and providing required technical facilities
- ❖ Further expanding investigation trainings and other training programs
- ❖ Constructing fully fledged lecture halls for In-Service training units
- ❖ Commencing Tamil medium courses in northern and eastern provinces
- ❖ Establishing new In- Service training units in Gampaha, Panadura, Chilaw, Hambantota and Kilinochchi areas

## 2.9.5 Material Resource Development

### I. Establishing New Police Stations and Police Posts

#### Proposed Police Stations and Posts

	Division	Number of Police Stations established at Present	Number of new Police Stations and proposed grade					Number of proposed Posts
			A3	B	C	D	Total	
1	Western Province	111	1	2	13	11	27	4
3	Central Province	63			14	15	29	9
5	Southern Province	62			5	17	22	13
7	North Western Province	48			10	19	29	25
9	Northern Province	53						
11	Eastern Province	48		1	5	11	17	9
13	North Central Province	33			5	19	24	7
15	Uva Province	37			1	14	15	29
17	Subaragamuwa Province	39			6	15	21	9
	<b>Total</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>119</b>

Resource - Research & Development Division

### II. Establishing New Territorial Police Divisions

- ❖ Establishing a new Superintendent of Police Division named Kabithigollawa.
- ❖ Establishing a new Division as Homagama with in the Nugegoda Division.

### III. Establishing new functional Police Divisions

- ❖ Peoples' Peace Management Division
- ❖ Cadet Division
- ❖ Cultural Division
- ❖ Colombo Environmental Division
- ❖ Colombo Community Policing Division
- ❖ IG's Store Division

### IV. Measuring the borders of the Police Areas.

**V. Grading of Regional Police Stations & Units and functional Police Divisions & Units.**

**VI. Establishing a Special Task Force camp at Chilaw Electoral Division**

**VII. Purchasing of modern technological equipment to maintain law & order of the country at higher level in terms of giving priority to the National Security of the country as per the 10 key policies of Vision of Prosperity and Splendor.**

**VIII. All the equipment is purchasing as per the sustainable development objectives.**

**IX. Proposed Buildings**

**Construction Projects to be implemented in the future**

Serial No.	Project	Financial Value (r.m)
1.	Inspector Grade Officers' Barracks and Mess (Project 4)	483.61
2.	Junior officers' barracks (Project 09)	35.29
3.	Construction of the Police Hospital	19.29
4.	Senior Deputy Inspector General of Police's Office - Jaffna	102
5.	Police Station( Project 14 )	1827.64
6.	Accomodation complex- Jaffna	55
7.	Prefabricated Buildings( STC )	545
8.	Sports Complex- Mirihana	371.93
9.	Police Station- Narahenpita ( rest of the construction )	112.6
10.	Special Security Range Union Place	3650
11.	Security Booth of the Crime Reported Division	0.72
12.	02 Projects of building 430 pre fabricated buildings	4218
13.	( Tripical Barracks )	4091.3
14.	proposed metal building	80

Source – Police Building Division

**2.9.6 Police Medical Service**

- ❖ Initiating eye surgeries and improving orthopedic surgery facilities under the development of patient care services
- ❖ Taking measures for the prevention of non- communicable diseases considering its predisposition
- ❖ Improving mental health promotion programs of officers

- ❖ Establishing peripheral police hospitals immediately at Galle, Wariyapola, Thalladi, Vavniya and upgrading facilities of new police hospital in Kankesanthurai
- ❖ Preparing healthy meals at police messes with the assistance of nutritionists to control non-communicable diseases
- ❖ Carrying out medical examinations for police officers for a period of 6 months
- ❖ Networking health information systems of police hospitals, sending laboratory reports, prescriptions to patients using information technology and carrying out online hospital registration
- ❖ Facilitating online doctor consultation

### **2.9.7 Use of New Technological methods to upgrade Service Productivity and Efficiency**

- ❖ Further enhancing the use of CCTV technology for the identification of criminals and overall criminal investigations
- ❖ The use of AMIS and AFIS data systems operated through VPN technology is expected to be expanded and upgraded further
- ❖ Creating an automated facial recognition system to identify criminals when carrying out criminal investigations
- ❖ Providing technical equipment required for immediate identification of criminals by entering fingerprints found at the scene of crime to the data system and taking action to create a data system for the identification of fingerprints and footprints found at the scene of crime
- ❖ Studying the feasibility of establishing a DNA laboratory for the Sri Lanka Police to carry out DNA tests more efficiently
- ❖ Taking action to establish 02 Scene of Crime Operations Laboratories in Kankesanthurai and Mullaithivu police divisions
- ❖ Maximizing the use of new technology to investigate cyber crimes
- ❖ Action will be taken to establish a technical support unit to introduce new strategies and new technical equipment to increase the efficiency of the Sri Lanka police

### **2.9.8 Traffic Management and Road Safety**

- ❖ Purchasing modern walkie-talkies for older walkie-talkies which are using at present for traffic operations.

- ❖ Installing modern CCTV screen system, GPS and Google technical equipment for Colombo Traffic Control Rooms
- ❖ Providing modern tabs and internet facilities for all the Traffic Units of Sri Lanka Police Island wide.
- ❖ Introducing a Software for entering 297B data to all the Police Divisions (SLADMS)
- ❖ Introducing testing machines for all the traffic units to identify drunken drivers and drug test machines to identify the drivers who are under the influence of liquor.
- ❖ Providing modern speed meters for all the Police Stations.
- ❖ Executing a spot fine payment method via electronic method using Mobile Phones instantly.
- ❖ Planning to provide Body Worn Camera for traffic officers.
- ❖ Using G.P.S technology to identify traffic jam.
- ❖ Providing important information such as weather updates, state of wind and lighting condition to the drivers of the expressway via the digital screens using the modern technology.
- ❖ Installing yet another modern CCTV Cameras at 17 Police Stations identified in the city of Colombo.
- ❖ Establishing a data analyzing room with modern technical equipment to analyse the data taken by the CCTV Cameras.

### **2.9.9 Recruitment and Clearance Applications**

- ❖ Steps will be taken to obtain recruitment applications via Online.
- ❖ Steps will be taken to issue clearance reports instantly by further reducing the time duration of 14 days to issue a clearance report.



Inspector General of Police,  
Police Headquarters

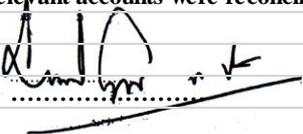
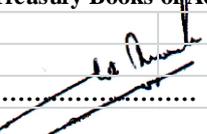
## Chapter 03

### Total Financial Performance of the Year

#### 3.1 Financial Performance Statement

Financial Performance Statement as at 31st December, 2020						ACA-F
						R.
Budget 2020		Note	2020	Actual	2,019	
-	Revenue Receipts		-	-	-	
-	Income Tax	1	-	-	-	
-	Services	2	-	-	-	ACA-1
-	Tax on International Trade	3	-	-	-	
-	Non Tax Revenue & Others	4	-	-	-	
-	<b>Total Revenue Receipts (A)</b>		-	-	-	
-	Non Revenue Receipts		-	-	-	
-	Treasury Imprests		79,379,900,000	73,581,466,602	73,581,466,602	ACA-3
-	Deposits		1,589,369,753	268,679,287	268,679,287	ACA-4
-	Advance Accounts		365,979,817	1,093,069,276	1,093,069,276	ACA-5
-	Other Receipts		2,495,649,086	1,898,328,423	1,898,328,423	
-	<b>Total Non Revenue Receipts (B)</b>		<b>83,830,898,656</b>	<b>76,841,543,588</b>	<b>76,841,543,588</b>	
-	<b>Total Revenue Receipts &amp; Non Revenue Receipts C = (A)+(B)</b>		<b>83,830,898,656</b>	<b>76,841,543,588</b>	<b>76,841,543,588</b>	
	Less: Expenditure					
-	Recurrent Expenditure		-	-	-	
60,788,068,000.00	Wages, Salaries & Other Employment Ben	5	60,735,107,511	54,182,342,397	54,182,342,397	
16,480,545,000.00	Other Goods & Services	6	16,427,769,772	16,254,151,043	16,254,151,043	ACA-2(ii)
719,587,000.00	Subsidies, Grants and Transfers	7	701,615,126	819,303,762	819,303,762	
-	Interest Payments	8	-	-	-	
-	Other Recurrent Expenditure	9	-	-	-	
77,988,200,000.00	<b>Total Recurrent Expenditure (D)</b>		<b>77,864,492,409</b>	<b>71,255,797,202</b>	<b>71,255,797,202</b>	
	Capital Expenditure					
623,193,000.00	Rehabilitation & Improvement of Capital Asset	10	608,400,467	700,628,603	700,628,603	
781,563,260.00	Acquisition of Capital Assets	11	779,435,550	1,605,184,038	1,605,184,038	
-	Capital Transfers	12	-	-	-	ACA-2(ii)
-	Acquisition of Financial Assets	13	-	-	-	
43,692,740.00	Capacity Building	14	36,670,848	77,554,253	77,554,253	
6,901,000.00	Other Capital Expenditure	15	4,536,964	13,937,372	13,937,372	
1,455,350,000.00	<b>Total Capital Expenditure(E)</b>		<b>1,429,043,829</b>	<b>2,397,304,266</b>	<b>2,397,304,266</b>	
	Main Ledger Expenditure (F)		1,929,260,080	1,346,300,251	1,346,300,251	
	Deposit Payments		1,633,029,976	383,297,579	383,297,579	ACA-4
	Advance Payments		296,230,104	963,002,672	963,002,672	ACA-5
	<b>Total Expenditure G = (D+E+F)</b>		<b>81,222,796,318</b>	<b>74,999,401,719</b>	<b>74,999,401,719</b>	
-	Imprest Balance as at 31' December 2020		2,608,102,338	1,842,141,869	1,842,141,869	

### 3.3 Statement of Financial Position

					ACA-P
Statement of Financial Position as at 31st December 2020					
			Actual		
	Note		2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.	
<b><u>Non Financial Assets</u></b>					
Property, Plant & Equipment	ACA-6		26,160,839,028	25,386,230,978	
<b><u>Financial Assets</u></b>					
Advance Accounts	ACA-5/5(A)		885,592,229	954,557,613	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	ACA-3		-	10	
<b>Total Assets</b>			<b>27,046,431,257</b>	<b>26,340,788,601</b>	
<b><u>Net Assets / Equity</u></b>					
Net Assets			557,569,567	578,111,378	
Property, Plant & Equipment Reserve			26,160,839,028	25,386,230,978	
Rent and Work Advance Reserve	ACA-5(B)		-	-	
<b><u>Current Liabilities</u></b>					
Deposits Accounts	ACA-4		328,022,662	371,682,886	
Imprest Balance	ACA-3		-	4,763,359	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>			<b>27,046,431,257</b>	<b>26,340,788,601</b>	
<p>Detail Accounting Statements in above ACA format Nos. 1 to 6 presented in pages from to and Notes to accounts presented in pages from to form and integral parts of these Financial Statements. The Financial Statements have been prepared in complying with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles whereas most appropriate Accounting Policies are used as disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and hereby certify that figures in these Financial Statements, Notes to accounts and other relevant accounts were reconciled with the Treasury Books of Accounts and found to in agreement.</p>					
					
<b>Chief Accounting Officer</b> Name : Major General (retired) Kamal Gunarathne Designation : Secretary , Date : 2021.02.12		<b>Accounting Officer</b> Name :C.D. Wickramarathne Designation : Inspector General of Police Date : 2020.02.12		<b>Chief Account Officer</b> Name : N.K.Renuka Perera Date : 2020.02.12	

Source – Chief Accountant – Police Headquarters

### 3.4 Statement of Cash Flows

		ACA-C
<b>Statement of Cash Flows</b>		
	Actual	
	2020 Rs.	2019 Rs.
<b><u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</u></b>		
Total Tax Receipts	-	-
Fees, Fines, Penalties and Licenses	353,408,152	-
Profit	-	-
Non Revenue Receipts	2,137,585,352	459,823,602
Revenue collected from other Departments and Ministries	-	-
Imprest Receipts	79,379,900,000	73,121,643,000
<b>Total Cash generated from Operations (a)</b>	<b>81,870,893,504</b>	<b>73,581,466,602</b>
<b><u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u></b>		
Personal Emoluments & Operating Payments	76,845,146,362	68,554,044,325
Subsidies & Transfer Payments	666,334,345	148,498,760
cost spent for other votes	3,331,547,658	2,913,046,328
Finance Costs - Imprest Settlement to Treasury	3,708,331	10
<b>Total Cash disbursed for Operations (b)</b>	<b>80,846,736,696</b>	<b>71,615,589,423</b>
<b>NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES(C)=(a)-( b)</b>	<b>1,024,156,808</b>	<b>1,965,877,179</b>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</u></b>		
Interest	-	-
Dividends	-	-
Divestiture Proceeds & Sale of Physical Assets	4,827,500	-
Recoveries from On Lending	-	-
Recoveries of advance	366,013,874	99,455,184
<b>Total Cash generated from Investing Activities (d)</b>	<b>370,841,374</b>	<b>99,455,184</b>
<b><u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u></b>		
Purchase or Construction of Physical Assets & Acquisition of	-	-
Other Investment	1,058,568,007	956,094,265
Payment of advance	297,533,311	925,820,394
<b>Total Cash disbursed for Investing Activities (e)</b>	<b>1,356,101,318</b>	<b>1,881,914,659</b>
<b>NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (F)=(d)-(e)</b>	<b>(985,259,944)</b>	<b>(1,782,459,475)</b>
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING &amp; INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES (g)=( c ) + (f)</b>	<b>38,896,864</b>	<b>183,417,704</b>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Fianacing Activities</u></b>		
Local Borrowings	-	-
Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Grants Received	-	-
Deposit Received	1,589,369,753	204,643,234
<b>Total Cash generated from Financing Activities (h)</b>	<b>1,589,369,753</b>	<b>204,643,234</b>
<b><u>Less - Cash disbursed for:</u></b>		
Repayment of Local Borrowings	-	-
Repayment of Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Payment of deposits	1,633,029,976	(383,297,579)
<b>Total Cash disbursed for Financing Activities (i)</b>	<b>1,633,029,976</b>	<b>(383,297,579)</b>
<b>NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (J)=(h)-(i)</b>	<b>(43,660,223)</b>	<b>(178,654,345)</b>
<b>Net Movement in Cash (k) = (g) -(j)</b>	<b>(4,763,359)</b>	<b>4,763,359</b>
<b>Opening Cash Balance as at 01" January</b>	<b>4,763,359</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Closing Cash Balance as at 31st December</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,763,359</b>

Source - Chief Accountant - Police Headquarters

### 3.5 Financial Statement notes

Financial statement of the Sri Lanka Police has been handed over to the National Auditor Office as at 28 February, 2021 after preparing financial statement of the Sri Lanka Police as at 31.12.2020. All the financial statement notes have been included in this report.

### 3.6 Performance of the Revenue Collection

Rs. 000					
Revenue Code	Description of the Revenue Code	Revenue Estimate		Collected Revenue	
		Original	Final	ප්‍රමාණය (රු.)	as a % of Final Revenue Estimate
2002.01.01	Rent of government houses	116,000	116,000	116,607	100%
2002.02.99	Interest of Advance Account B	38,000	38,000	29,566	100%
2003.04.00	Installement for Government officer's motor bicycles	45	45	45	100%
2003.99.00	Other received -others	69,000	69,000	57,227	82%
2003.02.99	Miscellaneous income	270,000	270,000	150,009	55%
2004.01.00	Social Protection Fund of the central government	2,137,369	2,137,369	2,137,369	100%
2006.02.01	Selling of fixed assests	4,828	4,828	4,828	100%

Source – Chief Accountant – Computer Estimation

### 3.7 Performance of allocated provisions

Rs.. 000				
Type of Allocation	Allocation	Original	Final	Allocation Utilization as a % of Final Allocation
Recurrent	77,348,200	77,988,200	77,864,492	100%
Capital	1,336,350	1,455,350	1,429,043	98%
<b>Total</b>	<b>78,684,550</b>	<b>79,443,550</b>	<b>79,293,535</b>	<b>100%</b>

Source – Chief Accountant – Computer Estimation

**3.8 In terms of F.R.208 grant of allocations for expenditure to this Department/District Secretariat/Provincial Council as an agent of the other Ministries/ Departments**

Serial No.	Allocation Received from Which Ministry /Department	Purpose of the Allocation	Allocation		Actual Expenditure	Rs. 000
			Original	Final		Allocation Utilization as a % of Final Allocation
1	Treasury Operations	Payment of fuel bills	299,114	299,114	299,114	100%
2	Sri Lanka Customs	Payment of custom duty	47,463	47,463	47,463	100%
3	Government Factory	Type writer repairing	11,382	11,382	11,382	100%
4	Government Press	Printing activities	349	3,498	349	100%
5	Ministry of Defence	Transport allowance	967	967	967	100%
6	Ministry of Forigen Affiars	Membership fee of the Interpol	4,903	4,903	4,903	100%
7	Railway Department	Railway Season ticket charges	182,315	182,315	182,315	100%
8	Building Department	construction of buildings and repairment	366,329	366,329	366,329	100%

Source - Chief Accountant - Computer

**3.9 Performance of the non financial assets report**

Assests Code	Code Discription	Balance of the goods servey report as at 31.12.2020	Balance as per the ststement of financial possesion as at 31.12.2020	Yet te be accounted in the future	Rs. 000
					reporting the progress as %
9151	Building and Structures		22,611,544		
9152	Meshinary		4,965,726		
9153	Land		12,247,189		
9154	Intangibal assests		959		
9155	Biological Assets				
9160	on going works		2,121,424		
9180	rented out assests				

Source - Chief Accountant - Computer Estimation

**3.10 - Report of the Auditor General**

The Report has been Included in Sinhala copy

## Chapter 04

### Performance Index

#### 4.1 Performance Index of the institution (based on the action plan)

Specified index	Actual output as a percentage of expected outcome		
	100%-90%	75%89%	50%74%
Crime Solving Percentage	79%		
Number of raids done by the contribution of the Special Task Force	7082		
Number of awareness programmes carried out with the functional civil defence force			

Source – Police Statistics Unit

## Chapter 05

### Performance of achieving Sustainable Development Goals

#### 5.1 Relevant Sustainable Development Goals identified.

Objectives	Targets	Index of achievement	progress of success up to now		
			0%-49%	50%-74%	
16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.	16.1.1 Number of people who committed suicide per 10000, based on gender and age.	3074 13.9%		
		16.1.2 2Number of deaths due to conflicts out of 100,000 of the population as per the gender and age.	310 1.4%		
	16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.	16.1.3 Number of persons who think that they are safe to travel with in their area alone.	2656		
		16.1.4 Number of persons who have gone through physical, psychological or sexual harassment during the last 12 months.			
		16.2.1 number of children between 1-17 ages who have gone through physical/mental violence from their guardians during the last month.			
		16.2.2 number of persons out of 100000 people who have been subjected to trafficking as per the gender, age and type of usage.			
16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.	16.2.3 number of male and female between the 18-29 age group who have experience sexual violence at the age of 18.	670			
	16.3.1 number of affected persons who have gone through a mechanism of conflict resolution approved by				

		<p>the relevant authorities during the last 12 months.</p> <p>16.3.2 number of inmates who have not been punished from whole inmates.</p>			
3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	3.6. By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents.	3.6.1 1percentage of deaths due to road accidents.			
5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.	<p>5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere.</p> <p>5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.</p> <p>5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation.</p>	<p>5.1.1 Whether a legal framework exist to enforce and monitor the promotion of gender equality and non-discrimination</p> <p>5.2.1 According to the type of harassment and age, number of women and girls whose age is 15 years or above who have been physically, mentally and sexually harassed by their present or previous guardians within last 12 months</p> <p>5.2.2 According to age and place, number of women and girls whose age is above 15 years who have been sexually harassed by other people except their intimate partners, within last 12 months.</p> <p>5.3.1 Number of married women whose age is between 20 - 24 years and number of women under 15 years or 18 years who cohabit.</p> <p>5.3.2 According to age, number of women between 15 - 49 years who have been circumcised.</p>			

Source – Police Statistics Unit

## Chapter 06

### Human Resource Profile

#### 6.1 Cadre Management.

According to Rank – Cadre of Police Regular Service as at 31.12.2020					
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre		Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
		Within Approved cadre	Within Excess cadre		
Senior	725	474	8	243	8
Tertiary	3811	2930	2031	881	2031
Secondary	81067	58983	14074	22084	14074
Primary	-	-	-	-	-
Total	85603	62387	16113	23208	16113
	85603	78500		7103	

\*.when calculating the number of vacancies with regard to the Tertiary and Secondary levels the persons who are promoted based personally affected have not be counted.  
 N.B- Promotions have been given to be personalised for the person who holds the post at Teritary and Secondary levels without paying attention to the number of approved cadre for each post as at 01.01.2019,01.07.2019,01.01.2020 and 08.02.2020. Therefore, new recruitments of the Sri Lanka Police should be done without exceeding total aproved cadre of 85603 vacancies. Therefore new recruitment should be made only for 7103 remaining vacancies.

Source – Police Human Resource Management Division

According to Rank – Cadre of Police Support Service as at 31.12.2020				
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre	Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
Senior	97	7	90	-
Tertiary	524	258	266	-
Secondary	4634	1067	3567	-
Primary	-	-	-	-
Total	5255	1332	3923	16113

Source – Police Human Resource Management Division

According to Rank - Cadre of Special Task Force as at 31.12.2020					
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre	Personalised for the post holder	Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
Senior	68	52	-	16	-
Tertiary	346	337	137	9	137
Secondary	10329	8095	58	2234	58
Primary	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10743	8484	195	2259	195
	10743	8679		2064	-

**6.2. How the shortage or excess in human resources has affected the performance of Sri Lanka Police.**

Sri Lanka Polices does not have an excess in human resource and since it has a shortage in human resources, the shortage of the human resource has affected the performance of Sri Lanka Police as follows.

- I. Since there are not enough officers to deploy for the duties related to each scope, one officer has to perform multiple duties depending on the need of the service.
- II. Although there are officers with different skills who have followed courses related to the duties in each section, they are not able to perform the most effective duty due to the stress caused by having to perform a large number of duties related to other sections.
- III. Due to the message conveyed to the society by those officers who are under stress, that the number of people joining the police service in recruiting new officers is declined as many are reluctant to do so.

### 6.3. Human Resource Development

#### Training programmes conducted by Police College

Name of the Program	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme (Months)	Total Investment (Rs'000)		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained
			Local	Foreign		
Basic training course for probationary Police Constable	3505	1	199,065,355.00	-	Local	Basic Training
Capacity Development course	71	14	800000	-	Local	Developing professional knowledge and attitudes
Orientation course	--	--	--	-	Local	Developing professional knowledge and attitudes
English Language Training course	160	4	374000	-	Local	Developing language skills
Driver Training course	--	--	--	-	Local	Training on vehicle maintenance / technical knowledge and driving
Tamil Language Training course	--	--	--	-	Local	Developing language skills
Combat Training course	--	--	--	-	Local	Developing self-confidence to face challenges, mental and physical problems
Weapon handling and live firing course	--	--	--	-	Local	Developing self-confidence to face challenges, mental and physical problems
SOCO course	28	5	700000	-	Local	Deploying officers in to the field with those who have the ability to investigate crime scene scientifically
Training course for Probationary A.S.P.	--	--	--	-	Local	Developing professional knowledge and attitudes
Training course for Probationary S.I.	255	15	143,118,230.00	-	Local	Developing professional knowledge and attitudes
School Cadet Instructors' course	--	--	--	-	Local	Creating a generation of disciplined students
course for sergeant major	65	3	7887965	-	Local	Developing professional knowledge and attitudes
Overall investment for all courses			351,945,550.00			

Source - Police College - Kalutara

#### Training programmes conducted by National Police Academy, Katana

Name of the Program	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme (Months)	Total Investment (Rs'000)		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained
			Local	Foreign		
Diploma Programme	306	Maximum 1 year from 06 months	1,060,009		Local	Impart subject-related knowledge
Training Programme(Certificate Course)	8232	Maximum 05 weeks from 1 week	6,116,697		Local	Impart subject-related knowledge
Language and other training courses conducted in collaboration with external institutes	186	250hrs.	321135		Local	Impart subject-related knowledge

Source - National Police Academy

## Training programmes conducted by the In service Training Division

Name of the Programme	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme (Months)	Total Investment (Rs'000)		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained.
			Local	Foreign		
Diploma Courses	609	Maximum 1 year from 06 months	1060009	--	Local	Impart subject-related knowledge
Training Courses (Certificate Courses)	7801	Maximum 06 weeks from 1 week	4878711	--	Local	Impart subject-related knowledge
Computer Training Course	431	16 weeks	1237986	--	Local	Impart subject-related knowledge

Source - Police In-service Training Division

### ❖ Contribution of the training programmes towards the performance of the institution

The training programmes are aimed at imparting theoretical and practical knowledge to the officers to enhance the performance of the Sri Lanka Police through successfully performing its task. Accordingly, formal training for the human resource over 88,000 is provided by the Police Colleges, Police Academy and In-Service Training Division of the Sri Lanka Police, and these training programmes makes a major contribution to curb crimes and build social security, through the new technological know-how, language skills as well as law enforcement.

Training programs also include courses relevant to developing the mental level required to perform clear duties. In addition, imparting sociological knowledge and enhancing the knowledge and attitudes of the officers towards the society also contributes to the performance of the institute.

# Chapter 07

## COMPLIANCE REPORT

### Compliance Report

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
<b>1.</b>	<b>The following Accounting Statements/ Accounts have been submitted on due date</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Annual Financial Statements</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Public Officers' Advance Account</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.3</b>	<b>Trading and Manufacturing Advance Accounts (Commercial Advance Accounts)</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.4</b>	<b>Stores Advance Accounts</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.5</b>	<b>Special Advance Accounts</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>1.6</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Maintenance of Books and Registers</b>			
<b>2.1</b>	<b>Fixed Assets Register has been maintained and updated in terms of Public Administration Circular 267/2018</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Personal Emoluments Register/ Personal Emoluments Cards has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.3</b>	<b>Register Of Audit Queries has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.4</b>	<b>Register of Internal Audit Reports has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.5</b>	<b>All the monthly account summaries (CIGAS) are prepared and submitted to the Treasury on due date</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.6</b>	<b>Register for Cheques and Money Orders has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.7</b>	<b>Inventory Register has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.8</b>	<b>Stocks Register has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.9</b>	<b>Register of Losses has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2.10</b>	<b>Commitment Register has been maintained and updated</b>	<b>Complied</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

2.11	Register of Counterfoil Books (GA — N20) has been maintained and updated	Complied	-	-
3.	Delegation of functions for financial control (FR 135)			
3.1	The financial authority has been delegated within the institution	Complied	-	-
3.2	The delegation of financial authority has been communicated within the institution	Complied	-	-
3.3	The authority has been delegated in such manner so as to pass each transaction through two or more officers	Complied	-	-
3.4	The controls has been adhered to by the Accountants in terms of State Account Circular 171/2004 dated 11.05.2014 in using the Government Payroll Software Package	Complied		
4	Preparation of Annual Plans			
4.1	The Annual Action Plan has been prepared	Complied	-	-
4.2	The Annual Procurement Plan has been prepared	Complied	-	-
4.3	The Annual Internal Audit Plan has been prepared	Complied	-	-
4.4	The annual estimate has been prepared and submitted to the NBD on due date	Complied		
4.5	The Annual Cash Flow has been submitted to the Treasury Operations Department on time	Complied		
5	Audit queries			
5.1	All the audit queries has been replied within the time specified by the Auditor General	Complied		
6	Internal Audit			
6.1	The internal audit plan has been prepared at the beginning of the year after consulting the Auditor General in terms of Financial Regulation 134(2)) DMA/1-2019	Complied		
6.2	All the internal audit reports has been replied within one month	Not Complied	Delay occurred in receiving replies from Divisional Offices	Sending reminders to encourage to send replies on time
6.3	Copies of all the internal audit	Complied		

	reports has been submitted to the Management Audit Department in terms of Sub-section 40(4) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018			
6.4	All the copies of internal audit reports has been submitted to the Auditor General in terms of Financial Regulation 134(3)	Complied		
7	<b>Audit and Management Committees</b>			
7.1	Minimum 04 meetings of the Audit and Management Committee has been held during the year as per the DMA Circular 1-2019	Complied	02 committee meetings has been held	
8	<b>Assets Management</b>			
8.1	Submitting the details of purchasing and disposing of assets to Comptroller General's Office in terms of Paragraph 07 of the Assets Management Circular No. 01/2017	Complied		
8.2	As per the Paragraph 13 of the aforesaid circular, appointing a viable liaison officer to coordinate the implementation of the provisions of the said Circular and subsequently sending the details of the officer to the Comptroller General's Office	Complied		
8.3	Conducting board of surveys in terms of Public Finance Circular No. 05/2016 and submitting the relevant reports to the Auditor General on due date.	Complied		
8.4	The information about purchases of assets and disposals was submitted to the Comptroller General's Office in terms of Paragraph 07 of the Asset Management Circular No. 01/2017	Complied		
8.5	The disposal of condemn articles had been carried out in terms of FR 772	Complied		
9	<b>Vehicle Management</b>			
9.1	The daily running charts and monthly summaries of the pool vehicles had been prepared and submitted to the Auditor General on due date	Complied		
9.2	The condemned vehicles had been disposed of within a period of less than 6 months after condemning	Complied		
9.3	The vehicle logbooks had been maintained and updated	Complied		

9.4	The action has been taken in terms of F.R. 103, 104, 109 and 110 with regard to every vehicle accident	Complied		
9.5	The fuel consumption of vehicles has been re-tested in terms of the provisions of Paragraph 3.1 of the Public Administration Circular No. 30/2016 of 29.12.2016	Complied		
9.6	The absolute ownership of the leased vehicle log books has been transferred after the lease term	Complied		
<b>10</b>	<b>Management of Bank Accounts</b>			
10.1	The bank reconciliation statements had been prepared, got certified and made ready for audit by the due date	Complied		
10.2	The dormant accounts that had existed in the year under review or since previous years have been settled	Complied		
10.3	The action had been taken in terms of Financial Regulations regarding balances that had been disclosed through bank reconciliation statements and for which adjustments had to be made, and had those balances been settled within one month	Complied		
<b>11</b>	<b>Utilization of Provisions</b>			
11.1	The provisions allocated had been spent without exceeding the limit	Complied		
11.2	The liabilities not exceeding the provisions that remained at the end of the year as per the FR 94(1)	Complied		
<b>12</b>	<b>Public Officers' Advance Account</b>			
12.1	The limits had been complied with	Complied		
12.2	A time analysis had been carried out on the loans in arrears	Complied		
12.3	The loan balances in arrears for over one year had been settled	Complied		
<b>13</b>	<b>General Deposit Account</b>			
13.1	The action had been taken as per F.R.571 in relation to disposal of lapsed deposits	Complied		
13.2	The control register for general deposits had been updated and maintained	Complied		
<b>14</b>	<b>Imprest Account</b>			
14.1	The balance in the cash book at the end of the year under review	Complied		

	<b>remitted to the Department of Treasury Operations</b>			
<b>14.2</b>	<b>The ad-hoc sub imprests issued as per F.R. 371 settled within one month from the completion of the task</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>14.3</b>	<b>The ad-hoc sub imprests had been issued exceeding the limit approved as per F.R. 371</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>14.4</b>	<b>The balance of the imprest account had been reconciled with the Treasury books monthly</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>15</b>	<b>Revenue Account</b>			
<b>15.1</b>	<b>The refunds from the revenue had been made in terms of the regulations</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>15.2</b>	<b>The revenue collection had been directly credited to the revenue account without credited to the deposit account</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>15.3</b>	<b>Returns of arrears of revenue forward to the Auditor General in terms of FR 176</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>16</b>	<b>Human Resources Management</b>			
<b>16.1</b>	<b>The staff had been paid within the approved cadre</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>16.2</b>	<b>All members of the staff have been issued a duty list in writing</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>16.3</b>	<b>All reports have been submitted to MSD in terms of their circular no.04/2017 dated 20.09.2017</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>17</b>	<b>Providing information to the public</b>			
<b>17.1</b>	<b>An information officer has been appointed and a proper register of information is maintained and updated in terms of Right To Information Act and Regulation</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>17.2</b>	<b>Information about the institution to the public have been provided by Website or alternative measures and has it been facilitated to appreciate / allegation to public against the public authority by this website or alternative measures</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>17.3</b>	<b>Bi- Annual and Annual reports have been submitted as per section 08 and 10 of the RTI Act</b>	<b>Complied</b>		
<b>18</b>	<b>Implementation of citizens charter</b>			
<b>18.1</b>	<b>Citizens'/ Client's Charter has been</b>	<b>Complied</b>		

	formulated and implemented by the Institution in terms of the circular number 05/2008 and 05/2018(1) of Ministry of Public Administration and Management			
18.2	A methodology has been devised by the Institution in order to monitor and assess the formulation and the implementation of Citizens'/ Client's Charter as per paragraph 2.3 of the circular	Complied		
19	<b>Preparation of the Human Resource Plan</b>	Complied		
19.1	A human resource plan has been prepared in terms of the format in Annexure 02 of Public Administration Circular No.02/2018 dated 24.01.2018.	Complied		
19.2	A minimum training opportunity of not less than 12 hours per year for each member of the staff has been ensured in the aforesaid Human Resource Plan	Complied		
19.3	Annual performance agreements have been signed for the entire staff based on the format in Annexure 01 of the aforesaid Circular	Complied		
19.4	A senior officer was appointed and assigned the responsibility of preparing the human resource development plan, organizing capacity building programs and conducting skill development programs as per paragraph No.6.5 of the aforesaid Circular	Complied		
20	<b>Replying to Audit Paragraphs</b>			
20.1	The shortcomings pointed out in the audit paragraphs issued by the Auditor General for the previous years have been rectified	Complied		

# Performance Report 2020



## Sri Lanka Police

# **Annual Performance Report for Year 2020**

## **Sri Lanka Police**

### **Expenditure Head Number:- 225**

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